

# ERIC GIBSON

# County of San Diego

#### **DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND LAND USE**

5201 RUFFIN ROAD, SUITE B, SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92123-1666 INFORMATION (858) 694-2960 TOLL FREE (800) 411-0017 www.sdcounty.ca.gov/dplu

January 22, 2010

# CEQA Initial Study - Environmental Checklist Form (Based on the State CEQA Guidelines, Appendix G Rev. 10/04)

1. Title; Project Number(s); Environmental Log Number:

Lakeside Riverwalk Fire Facility; STP09-014; 09-10-014

- Lead agency name and address:
   County of San Diego, Department of Planning and Land Use
   5201 Ruffin Road, Suite B,
   San Diego, CA 92123-1666
- 3. a. Contact Matthew Schneider, Project Manager
  - b. Phone number: (858) 694-3714
  - c. E-mail: matthew.schneider@sdcounty.ca.gov.
- 4. Project location:

12216 Lakeside Avenue, Lakeside, CA 92040

Thomas Brothers Coordinates: Page 1232, Grid A /2

5. Project Applicant name and address:

Lakeside Fire Protection District 12365 Parkside Street Lakeside, CA 92040

6. General Plan Community Plan:

CUDA & Environmentally Constrained Area Lakeside

Land Use Designation:

Residential 1 & Specific Area 21

Density:

1 du/1, 2, 4 acre(s)

7. Zoning

Use Regulation:

A70 & S88

Minimum Lot Size:

1 acre and 6,000 s.f.

Special Area Regulation:

Portion - B

8. Description of project

The project is a Site Plan to allow for a new Fire Station. The project consists of a 23,000 square foot two story Fire Station and Administrative Building with accessory structures and retaining walls. The project site is located at the intersection of Lakeside Avenue and Channel Road in the Lakeside Community Planning Group, within unincorporated San Diego County. The site is subject to the General Plan Regional Category CUDA, Land Use Designation SPA and Residential 1. Zoning for the site is S88 and A70. The site contains an existing residence that may be removed. Access would be provided by a private road/driveway connecting to Lakeside Avenue and Channel Road. The project would be served by sewer and imported water from the Lakeside Water District. Earthwork will consist of cut and fill of more than 2,500 cubic yards of material. The project includes the following off-site improvements: private roadway, utilities and landscaping. The following project design considerations are also being implemented to minimize environmental impacts: Landscaping and BMPs

9. Surrounding land uses and setting (Briefly describe the project's surroundings):

Lands surrounding the project site are used for residential and industrial uses. The topography of the project site and adjacent land is sloped. The site is located within ½ mile of Highway 67.

10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):

Permit Type/Action	Agency
Boundary Adjustment	County of San Diego
Landscape Plans	County of San Diego
Road Vacation	County of San Diego
Site Plan	County of San Diego
County Right-of-Way Permits	County of San Diego
Grading Permit Grading Permit Plan Change	County of San Diego
Improvement Plans	County of San Diego
General Construction Storm water	RWQCB
Permit	
Water District Approval	Lakeside Water District

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	Sewer District Approv	al	Lakeside	Sewer District
	Fire District Approval		Lakeside	Fire Districts
<b>ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:</b> The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project and involve at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" or a "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated," as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.				
□ Biological Resources □ Hazards & Haz. Materials □ Mineral Resources □ Public Services □ Utilities & Service		□ Agricultural Resources □ Cultural Resources □ Hydrology & Water □ Quality □ Noise □ Recreation □ Mandatory Findings of Sign		☐ <u>Air Quality</u> ☐ <u>Geology &amp; Soils</u> ☐ <u>Land Use &amp; Planning</u>
				☐ Population & Housing ☐ Transportation/Traffic
DETERMINATION: (To be completed by the Lead Agency) On the basis of this initial evaluation:				
On the basis of this Initial Study, the Department of Planning and Land Use finds that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.				
On the basis of this Initial Study, the Department of Planning and Land Use finds that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A				

an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required. Matthew Schneider Land Use/Environmental Planner Printed Name Title

On the basis of this Initial Study, the Department of Planning and Land Use finds that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and

MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.

#### INSTRUCTIONS ON EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

- 1. A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis).
- 2. All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4. "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level.
- 5. Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration. Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
  - a) Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
  - b) Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
  - c) Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated," describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6. Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7. The explanation of each issue should identify:
  - a) The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
  - b) The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significance

<ul><li>I. AESTHETICS Would the project:</li><li>a) Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?</li></ul>					
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\checkmark$	No Impact		
Discus	sion/Explanation:				
Scenic natural as a sc one pe	A vista is a view from a particular location or composite views along a roadway or trail. Scenic vistas often refer to views of natural lands, but may also be compositions of natural and developed areas, or even entirely of developed and unnatural areas, such as a scenic vista of a rural town and surrounding agricultural lands. What is scenic to one person may not be scenic to another, so the assessment of what constitutes a scenic vista must consider the perceptions of a variety of viewer groups.				
individu not adv	ms that can be seen within a vista are vinual visual resources or the addition of structurers affect the vista. Determining the and the changes to the vista as a whole a	ucture level d	es or developed areas may or may of impact to a scenic vista requires		
a reside Industri will not staff on from, a scenic	pact: The project site is located at the inde Avenue in the community of Lakeside ential use. Residential properties neighboral operations are located to the south. The disturbed as a result of the proposed September 17, 2009 the proposed project vista and will not substantially chapter in a way that would adversely alter therefore, the proposed project will not he	The or the pr proje ect is ange the vis	property is currently developed as project site to the east and west. operty to the north is vacant and ct. Based on a site visit by County not located near or within, or visible the composition of an existing sual quality or character of the		
The project will not result in cumulative impacts on a scenic vista because the proposed project viewshed and past, present and future projects within that viewshed were evaluated to determine their cumulative effects. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered. Those projects listed in Section XVII are located within the scenic vista's viewshed and will not contribute to a cumulative impact because: The proposed project is compatible with the surrounding industrial and residential character of the area and will occur on a previously developed site. Therefore, the project will not result in adverse project or cumulative impacts on a scenic vista.					
b) S	Substantially damage scenic resources, i outcroppings, and historic buildings withir	ncludi n a sta	ng, but not limited to, trees, rock ate scenic highway?		
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation	$   \sqrt{} $	No Impact		

#### Incorporated

### Discussion/Explanation:

State scenic highways refer to those highways that are officially designated by the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) as scenic (Caltrans - California Scenic Highway Program). Generally, the area defined within a State scenic highway is the land adjacent to and visible from the vehicular right-of-way. The dimension of a scenic highway is usually identified using a motorist's line of vision, but a reasonable boundary is selected when the view extends to the distant horizon. The scenic highway corridor extends to the visual limits of the landscape abutting the scenic highway.

**No Impact:** Based on a site visit completed by Matthew Schneider on September 17, 2009 the proposed project is not located near or visible within the composite viewshed of a State scenic highway and will not damage or remove visual resources within a State scenic highway. The project site is located at the intersection of Channel Road and Lakeside Avenue in the community of lakeside. The project site and surrounding area are developed. Therefore, the proposed project will not have any substantial adverse effect on a scenic resource within a State scenic highway.

The project will not result in cumulative impacts on a scenic vista because the proposed project viewshed and past, present and future projects within that viewshed were evaluated to determine their cumulative effects. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered. Those projects listed in Section XVII are located within the scenic vista's viewshed and will not contribute to a cumulative impact because: The proposed project is compatible with the surrounding industrial and residential character of the area and will occur on a previously developed site. Therefore, the project will not result in any adverse project or cumulative level effect on a scenic resource within a State scenic highway.

c)	Substantially degrade the existing visua surroundings?	l char	acter or quality of the site and its
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

#### Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: Visual character is the objective composition of the visible landscape within a viewshed. Visual character is based on the organization of the pattern elements line, form, color, and texture. Visual character is commonly discussed in terms of dominance, scale, diversity and continuity. Visual quality is the viewer's perception of the visual environment and varies based on exposure, sensitivity and expectation of the viewers. The existing visual character and quality of the project site and surrounding can be characterized as residential development with industrial development to the south.

The proposed project is the development of a two story, 23,000 square foot Fire Station and Administrative Building with accessory structures and retaining walls. The project is compatible with the existing visual environment's visual character and quality for the following reasons: The lines and scale of the proposed fire station are compatible with the surrounding uses and similar in form to residential development. Landscaping has also been incorporated throughout the site and adding to the visual character.

The project will not result in cumulative impacts on visual character or quality because the entire existing viewshed and a list of past, present and future projects within that viewshed were evaluated. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered. Those projects listed in Section XVII are located within the viewshed surrounding the project and will not contribute to a cumulative impact for the following reasons: The proposed project is compatible with the surrounding industrial and residential character of the area and will occur on a previously developed site. Therefore, the project will not result in any adverse project or cumulative level effect on visual character or quality on-site or in the surrounding area.

Create a new source of substantial light day or nighttime views in the area?	or gla	re, which would adversely affect
Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The proposed project will use outdoor lighting and is located within Zone B as identified by the San Diego County Light Pollution Code, However, it will not adversely affect nighttime views or astronomical observations, because the project will conform to the Light Pollution Code (Section 59.101-59.115), including the Zone B lamp type and shielding requirements per fixture and hours of operation limitations for outdoor lighting and searchlights.

The project will not contribute to significant cumulative impacts on day or nighttime views because the project will conform to the Light Pollution Code. The Code was developed by the San Diego County Department of Planning and Land Use and Department of Public Works in cooperation with lighting engineers, astronomers, land use planners from San Diego Gas and Electric, Palomar and Mount Laguna observatories, and local community planning and sponsor groups to effectively address and minimize the impact of new sources light pollution on nighttime views. The standards in the Code are the result of this collaborative effort and establish an acceptable level for new lighting. Compliance with the Code is required prior to issuance of any building permit for any project. Mandatory compliance for all new building permits ensures that this project in combination with all past, present and future projects will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact. Therefore, compliance with the Code ensures that the project will not create a significant new

source of substantial light or glare, which would adversely affect daytime or nighttime views in the area, on a project or cumulative level.

In addition, the project's outdoor lighting is controlled through the Site Development Permit, which further limits outdoor lighting through strict controls. Therefore, compliance with the Code, in combination with the outdoor lighting and glare controls listed above ensures that the project will not create a significant new source of substantial light or glare.

# II. AGRICULTURAL RESOURCES -- Would the project:

a)	Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, Importance (Important Farmland), as she the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Fagency, or other agricultural resources,	own o Progra	n the maps prepared pursuant to mof the California Resources
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation	<b>√</b>	Less than Significant Impact
	Incorporated		No Impact
Discu	ssion/Explanation:		
State Programmer Progr	Than Significant Impact: The project site wide Importance according to the State Faram (FMMP). However, based on a site visingraphy, there is no evidence of agricultural is at least four years prior to the last FMMI rime Farmland, Unique Farmland, Farmla nations, land must have been cropped at last FMMP mapping date. Given the lack of the past nine years, the Farmland of State ding to the State is incorrect. The Farmland of the large scale of the Statewide mapping nations based on aerial photography and to the lack of historic agricultural use at the tion of an agricultural resource and no post conversion of Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, unique Farmland in the potentially significant project or correct to a non-agricultural use will occur as a conflict with existing zoning for agricultural conflict with existi	armlar sit and al use P map nd of some agric ewide nd des ng eff limited ential armlan occur umula s a res	and Mapping and Monitoring dareview of historic aerial on the project site since 2000. This oping date. In order to qualify for Statewide or Local Importance time during the four years prior to ultural use on the site within at Importance designation of this area signation is likely misapplied as a fort which assigns Farmland diground verification. Therefore, act site, the site does not meet the ly significant project or cumulative d, or Farmland of Statewide or as a result of this project.
É	Potentially Significant Impact	<b>V</b>	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation		No Impact
L	_ Ecco inan cigninoant vian wingation		THO ITTIPUOL

Incorporated

Discussion/Explanation:

**Less Than Significant Impact:** The project site is zoned A70 which is considered to be an agricultural zone. However, the proposed project will not to result in a conflict in zoning for agricultural use, because Fire Protection Service is a permitted use in A70 zones and will not create a conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use. Additionally, the project site's land is not under a Williamson Act Contract. Therefore, there will be no conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract.

	oject site's land is not under a Williamsor oflict with existing zoning for agricultural u		
c)	Involve other changes in the existing enature, could result in conversion of Impresources, to non-agricultural use?		
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\checkmark$	No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:		
does r Farmla on the the Ca Farmla	pact: The project site and surrounding a not contain any active agricultural operation and, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Standard maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland alifornia Resources Agency. Therefore, no and of Statewide or Local Importance, or rted to a non-agricultural use.	ons or atewio d Map no Prir	r lands designated as Prime de or Local Importance as shown oping and Monitoring Program of me Farmland, Unique Farmland,
applica	<b>R QUALITY</b> Where available, the sign able air quality management or air pollution the following determinations. Would the	on coi	ntrol district may be relied upon to
a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation Strategy (RAQS) or applicable portions of		
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\checkmark$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:		

**Less Than Significant Impact**: The project proposes development that was anticipated in SANDAG growth projections used in development of the RAQS and SIP. Operation of the project will result in emissions of ozone precursors that were considered as a part of the RAQS based on growth projections. As such, the proposed project is not

expected to conflict with either the RAQS or the SIP. In addition, the operational emissions from the project are below the screening levels, and subsequently will not violate ambient air quality standards.

,	Violate any air quality standard or contri projected air quality violation?	bute s	substantially to an existing or	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discus	sion/Explanation:			

In general, air quality impacts from land use projects are the result of emissions from motor vehicles, and from short-term construction activities associated with such projects. The San Diego County Land Use Environment Group (LUEG) has established guidelines for determining significance which incorporate the Air Pollution Control District's (SDAPCD) established screening-level criteria for all new source review (NSR) in APCD Rule 20.2. These screening-level criteria can be used as numeric methods to demonstrate that a project's total emissions (e.g. stationary and fugitive emissions, as well as emissions from mobile sources) would not result in a significant impact to air quality. Since APCD does not have screening-level criteria for emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOCs), the use of the screening level for reactive organic compounds (ROC) from the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) for the Coachella Valley (which are more appropriate for the San Diego Air Basin) are used.

Less Than Significant Impact: The project proposes the development of a 23,000 square foot fire station and administration facility. However, grading operations associated with the construction of the project would be subject to County of San Diego Grading Ordinance, which requires the implementation of dust control measures. Emissions from the construction phase would be minimal, temporary and localized, resulting in pollutant emissions below the screening-level criteria established by the LUEG guidelines for determining significance. In addition, the vehicle trips generated from the project will result in 288 Average Daily Trips (ADTs). According to the Bay Area Air Quality Management District CEQA Guidelines for Assessing the Air Quality Impacts of Projects and Plans, projects that generate less than 2,000 ADT are below the screening-level criteria established by the guidelines for criteria pollutants. As such, the project will not violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation.

c) Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	No Impact

## Discussion/Explanation:

San Diego County is presently in non-attainment for the 1-hour concentrations under the California Ambient Air Quality Standard (CAAQS) for Ozone ( $O_3$ ). San Diego County is also presently in non-attainment for the annual geometric mean and for the 24-hour concentrations of Particulate Matter less than or equal to 10 microns ( $PM_{10}$ ) under the CAAQS.  $O_3$  is formed when volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and nitrogen oxides ( $NO_x$ ) react in the presence of sunlight. VOC sources include any source that burns fuels (e.g., gasoline, natural gas, wood, oil); solvents; petroleum processing and storage; and pesticides. Sources of  $PM_{10}$  in both urban and rural areas include: motor vehicles, wood burning stoves and fireplaces, dust from construction, landfills, agriculture, wildfires, brush/waste burning, and industrial sources of windblown dust from open lands.

Less Than Significant Impact: Air quality emissions associated with the project include emissions of  $PM_{10}$ ,  $NO_x$  and VOCs from construction/grading activities, as well as VOCs as the result of increase of traffic from operations at the facility. However, grading operations associated with the construction of the project would be subject to County of San Diego Grading Ordinance, which requires the implementation of dust control measures. Emissions from the construction phase would be minimal and localized, resulting in  $PM_{10}$  and VOC emissions below the screening-level criteria established by the LUEG guidelines for determining significance. The vehicle trips generated from the project will result in 288 Average Daily Trips (ADTs). According to the Bay Area Air Quality Management District CEQA Guidelines for Assessing the Air Quality Impacts of Projects and Plans, projects that generate less than 2,000 ADT are below the screening-level criteria established by the LUEG guidelines for determining significance for VOCs and  $PM_{10}$ .

In addition, a list of past, present and future projects within the surrounding area were evaluated and none of these projects emit significant amounts of criteria pollutants. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered. The proposed project as well as the past, present and future projects within the surrounding area, have emissions below the screening-level criteria established by the LUEG guidelines for determining significance for VOCs and  $PM_{10}$ , therefore, the construction and operational emissions associated with the proposed project are not expected to create a cumulatively considerable impact nor a considerable net increase of  $PM_{10}$ , or any  $O_3$  precursors.

In addition, a list of past, present and future projects within the surrounding area were evaluated and none of these projects emit significant amounts of criteria pollutants. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered. The proposed project as well as the past, present and future projects within the surrounding area, have emissions below the screening-level criteria,

therefore, the operational emissions associated with the proposed project are not expected to create a cumulatively considerable impact nor a considerable net increase of PM10, or any  $O_3$  precursors.

d)	Expose sensitive receptors to substantia	al pollu	utant concentrations?	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discus	Incorporated ssion/Explanation:			
Discus				
Grade house in air o	Air quality regulators typically define sensitive receptors as schools (Preschool-12 <sup>th</sup> Grade), hospitals, resident care facilities, or day-care centers, or other facilities that may house individuals with health conditions that would be adversely impacted by changes in air quality. The County of San Diego also considers residences as sensitive receptors since they house children and the elderly			
Less Than Significant Impact: The following sensitive receptors have been identified within a quarter-mile (the radius determined by the SCAQMD in which the dilution of pollutants is typically significant) of the proposed project: Residences. However, based on review by a DPLU staff air quality specialist, this project does not propose uses or activities that would result in exposure of these identified sensitive receptors to significant pollutant concentrations and will not place sensitive receptors near carbon monoxide hotspots. In addition, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable exposure of sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations because the proposed project as well as the listed projects have emissions below the screening-level criteria established by the LUEG guidelines for determining significance.				
e)	Create objectionable odors affecting a s	ubstar	ntial number of people?	
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\checkmark$	No Impact	
Discu	ssion/Explanation:			

#### IV. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES -- Would the project:

a) Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?

**No Impact:** No potential sources of objectionable odors have been identified in association with the proposed project. As such, no impact from odors is anticipated.

Discussion/Explanation:

	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	sion/Explanation:		
the inte the site have b Diego I that are	Than Significant Impact: The project wersection of Lakeside Avenue and Change is adjacent to residential development. een identified on or near the site. There River on the other side of Lakeside Aver ea either directly or indirectly. As such, it is or habitat are anticipated.	nel Ro No s is hig nue; h	pad in Lakeside. The north side of pecial status species or habitats the north side of pecial status species or habitats the north side of pecial status and
1	Have a substantial adverse effect on any natural community identified in local or re the California Department of Fish and G	egiona	al plans, policies, regulations or by
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	sion/Explanation:		
riparian plans. portions Lakesio	han Significant Impact: The project will habitat or other sensitive natural comm The site is mostly disturbed with some not of the property. Riparian habitat occur de Avenue but will not be affected by the a significant adverse effects to riparian habities.	unity in on-nates to the project of the contract of the contra	dentified in local, regional, or state tive grass sparsely covering the west, on the other side of ct. Therefore, the project will not
t S	Have a substantial adverse effect on fed Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (incli bool, coastal, etc.) through direct remove other means?	uding,	but not limited to, marsh, vernal
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

**No Impact:**No wetlands occur on the project site. Federally protected wetlands occur nearby to the west, along the San Diego River. However, these wetlands are separated from the project site by Lakeside Avenue. The project and off-site improvements will not have any direct or indirect effects on the wetland area either directly or indirectly.

u)	or wildlife species or with established na corridors, or impede the use of native wi	itive re	esident or migratory wildlife
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discu	ssion/Explanation:		
The p movei Surroi	than Significant Impact: The site does roject will be located at a busy intersection ment. It is surrounded by development a unding land uses include dense developming of River on the other side of Lakeside at.	n that nd is r nent.	is not conducive for wildlife not part of a linkage or corridor. Valuable habitat occurs along the
e)	Conflict with the provisions of any adopt Communities Conservation Plan, other a conservation plan or any other local poli resources?	approv	ved local, regional or state habitat
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discu	ssion/Explanation:		

**No Impact:**The project site is in the Metro-Lakeside-Jamul segment of the Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP). The project is exempt from the Biological Mitigation Ordinance (Section 86.503(a)(8)) because it proposes a public facility or public project, determined to be essential by the County and makes all the appropriate exemption findings (see MSCP Findings dated November 9, 2009).

The proposal is consistent with the MSCP Plan and Subarea Plan since it is not located in an area of critical importance to sensitive species or habitats. The site is located near an area that is mapped as Pre-approved Mitigation Area (PAMA). However, the property and adjacent areas do not contain native habitat. The project and the off-site improvements will not affect any MSCP covered species or their habitats.

Discussion/Explanation:

V. CULTURAL RESOURCES Would t	he project:	
a) Cause a substantial adverse chang as defined in 15064.5?	ge in the sig	nificance of a historical resource
☐ Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated	ation 🗹	No Impact
Discussion/Explanation:		
<b>No Impact:</b> Based on an analysis of Cou archaeological records, maps, and aerial archaeologist, Gail Wright on August 25, site does not contain any historical resour contain single-family residents built in the Therefore, the project would not result in i	photographs 2009, it has ces. Both pa late 1970's	by County of San Diego staff been determined that the project arcels associated with this project and are less than 50 years old.
b) Cause a substantial adverse chang resource pursuant to 15064.5?	ge in the sig	nificance of an archaeological
☐ Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated	tion 🗹	No Impact
Discussion/Explanation:		
No Impact: Based on an analysis of Courarchaeological records, maps, and aerial parchaeologist, Gail Wright, on August 25, site does is not likely contain any archaeobeen extensively disturbed by developme landscaping. However, the project must collearing, and Watercourse Ordinance (§8 §7050.5 of the Health & Safety Code. Sewatercourse Ordinance requires the susperemains or Native American artifacts are extensions.	ohotographs 2009, it has logical reson nt of single-tomply with to 7.101-87.80 ction 87.429 ension of gr	by County of San Diego staff been determined that the project urces. The project parcels have family homes and residential he San Diego County Grading, 14), CEQA §15064.5(d), and of the Grading, Clearance, and ading operations when human
c) Directly or indirectly destroy a uniqu	ue geologic	feature?
<ul><li>Potentially Significant Impact</li><li>Less Than Significant With Mitiga</li><li>Incorporated</li></ul>	tion —	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

San Diego County has a variety of geologic environments and geologic processes which generally occur in other parts of the state, country, and the world. However, some features stand out as being unique in one way or another within the boundaries of the County.

**NO IMPACT:** Based on an analysis of County of San Diego archaeology resource files, archaeological records, maps, and aerial photographs by County of San Diego staff archaeologist, Gail Wright, on August 25, 2009, it has been determined that the project will not disturb any human remains because the project site does not include a formal cemetery or any archaeological resources that might contain interred human remains. However, the project must comply with the San Diego County Grading, Clearing, and Watercourse Ordinance (§87.101-87.804), CEQA §15064.5(d), and §7050.5 of the Health & Safety Code. Section 87.429 of the Grading, Clearance, and Watercourse Ordinance requires the suspension of grading operations when human remains or Native American artifacts are encountered.

d)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique pa	leonto	ological resource or site?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated: A review of the County's Paleontological Resources Maps and data on San Diego County's geologic formations indicates that the project is located on geological formations that potentially contain unique paleontological resources. Excavating into undisturbed ground beneath the soil horizons may cause a significant impact if unique paleontological resources are encountered. Since an impact to paleontological resources does not typically occur until the resource is disturbed, monitoring during excavation is the essential measure to mitigate potentially significant impacts to unique paleontological resources to a level below significance.

The project has low potential for containing paleontological resources and will excavate the substratum and/or bedrock below the soil horizons.

A monitoring program implemented by the excavation/grading contractor will be required. Equipment operators and others involved in the excavation should watch for fossils during the normal course of their duties. In accordance with the Grading Ordinance, if a fossil or fossil assemblage of greater than twelve inches in any dimension is encountered during excavation, all excavation operations in the area where the fossil or fossil assemblage was found shall be suspended immediately, the County's Permit Compliance Coordinator shall be notified, and a Qualified Paleontologist shall be retained by the applicant to inspect the find to determine if it is significant. A Qualified Paleontologist is a person who has, to the satisfaction of the Planning and Land Use Director:

- A Ph.D. or M.S. or equivalent in paleontology or closely related field (e.g., sedimentary or stratigraphic geology, evolutionary biology, etc.);
- Demonstrated knowledge of southern California paleontology and geology; and
- Documented experience in professional paleontological procedures and techniques.

If the Qualified Paleontologist determines that the fossil or fossil assemblage is significant; a mitigation program involving salvage, cleaning, and curation of the fossil(s) and documentation shall be implemented. If no fossils or fossil assemblages of greater than 12 inches in any dimension are encountered during excavation, a "No Fossils Found" letter will be submitted to the County Department of Planning and Land Use identifying who conducted the monitoring and that no fossils were found. If one or more fossils or fossil assemblages are found, the Qualified Paleontologist shall prepare a report documenting the mitigation program, including field and laboratory methodology, location and the geologic and stratigraphic setting, list(s) of collected fossils and their paleontological significance, descriptions of any analyses, conclusions, and references cited.

Therefore, with the implementation of the above project requirements during project grading operations, potential impacts to paleontological resources will be less than significant. Furthermore, the project will not result in a cumulative impact to paleontological resources because other projects that require grading in sensitive paleontological resource areas will be required to have the appropriate level of paleontological monitoring and resource recovery. In addition, other projects that propose any amount of significant grading would be subject to the requirements for paleontological monitoring as required pursuant to the County's Grading Ordinance. Therefore, the project would not result in a significant direct, indirect, or cumulatively significant loss of paleontological resources.

e)	Disturb any human remains, including the cemeteries?	nose ir	nterred outside of formal
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** Based on an analysis of County of San Diego archaeology resource files, archaeological records, maps, and aerial photographs by County of San Diego staff archaeologist, Gail Wright, on August 25, 2009, it has been determined that the project will not disturb any human remains because the project site does not include a formal cemetery or any archaeological resources that might contain interred human remains.

# VI. GEOLOGY AND SOILS -- Would the project:

a) Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving:

i	· ·	oning bstant	Map issued by the State Geologist ial evidence of a known fault?
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		
Alquist- Fault-R substan exposur	act: The project is not located in a faul Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Act, Spupture Hazards Zones in California, or latial evidence of a known fault. Therefore of people or structures to adverse effor a result of this project.	ecial F ocated re, the	Publication 42, Revised 1997, d within any other area with ere will be no impact from the
ii	Strong seismic ground shaking?		
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\checkmark$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		
structur Californ propose permit. ensures	han Significant Impact: To ensure the ses, the project must conform to the Seis ia Building Code. The County Code reset foundation recommendations to be a Therefore, compliance with the Califorms the project will not result in a potential or structures to potential adverse effect	smic F quires pprovenia Bu ly sign	Requirements as outlined within the a soils compaction report with ed before the issuance of a building ilding Code and the County Code ificant impact from the exposure of
ii	ii. Seismic-related ground failure, in	cludin	g liquefaction?
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
$\checkmark$	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		

**Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated:** The project site is located within a "Potential Liquefaction Area" as identified in the County Guidelines for Determining

Significance for Geologic Hazards. Feasible foundation designs exist that can mitigate the liquefaction hazard (including liquefaction-induced lateral spreading). Prior to issuance of building permits, a geotechnical study shall be reviewed and approved which specifies foundation design adequate to preclude substantial damage to the proposed structure due to liquefaction. With a site-specific engineering design, impacts due to liquefaction would be less than significant.

ı	V. Landslides?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		
Area" a Hazard profiles 2004). I (greater suscept of the Community of the	han Significant Impact: The site is local is identified in the County Guidelines for some some some some some some some some	Determent development de la development development de la development de la development de	rmining Significance for Geologic oped based on landslide risk tigation Plan, San Diego, CA (URS d on data including steep slopes on USGS 1970s series); soil-slip e Maps (limited to western portion of Conservation, Division of adslide Susceptibility Areas are because these soils are slide prone building area is less than 25% in 7.5' Quadrangle (2002), the site of dyounger Quaternary alluvium e. Based on the topography and landslides. Therefore, there will
b) F	Result in substantial soil erosion or the l	oss of	topsoil?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	ion/Explanation:		

**Less Than Significant Impact**: According to the Soil Survey of San Diego County, the soils on-site are identified as Cieneba-Falbrook rocky sandy loams, Tujunga sand, Riverwash and Fallbrook sandy loam that has a soil erodibility rating of "severe" as indicated by the Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, prepared by the US Department of

Agriculture, Soil Conservation and Forest Service dated December 1973. However, the project will not result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil for the following reasons:

- The project has prepared a Storm water Management Plan dated July 15, 2009, amended September 30, 2009 prepared by Nasland Engineering. The plan includes the following Best Management Practices to ensure sediment does not erode from the project site: Silt fence, fiber rolls, any minor slopes created incidental to construction and not subject to a grading permit will be protected with a tarp prior to a rain event and shall have vegetative cover established within 180 days of completion of the slope and prior to final building approval.
- The project involves grading. However, the project is required to comply with the San Diego County Code of Regulations, Title 8, Zoning and Land Use Regulations, Division 7, Sections 87.414 (DRAINAGE - EROSION PREVENTION) and 87.417 (PLANTING). Compliance with these regulations minimizes the potential for water and wind erosion.

Due to these factors, it has been found that the project will not result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil on a project level.

In addition, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact because all the of past, present and future projects included on the list of projects that involve grading or land disturbance are required to follow the requirements of the San Diego County Code of Regulations, Title 8, Zoning and Land Use Regulations, Division 7, Sections 87.414 (DRAINAGE - EROSION PREVENTION) and 87.417 (PLANTING); Order 2001-01 (NPDES No. CAS 0108758), adopted by the San Diego Region RWQCB on February 21, 2001; County Watershed Protection, Storm Water Management, and Discharge Control Ordinance (WPO) (Ord. No. 9424); and County Storm water Standards Manual adopted on February 20, 2002, and amended January 10, 2003 (Ordinance No. 9426). Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered.

c)	Will the project produce unstable geologimpacts resulting from landslides, latera collapse?	_	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

**Less Than Significant Impact** The proposed project involves 15,000 cubic yards of grading that would result in the creation of areas of cut and areas underlain by fill. In order to assure that any proposed buildings (including those proposed on the project site) are adequately supported (whether on native soils, cut or fill), a Soils Engineering

d)

Report is required as part of the Building Permit process. This Report would evaluate the strength of underlying soils and make recommendations on the design of building foundation systems. The Soils Engineering Report must demonstrate that a proposed building meets the structural stability standards required by the California Building Code. The report must be approved by the County prior to the issuance of a Building Permit. With this standard requirement, impacts would be less than significant. For further information regarding landslides, liquefaction, and lateral spreading, refer to VI Geology and Soils, Question a., iii-iv listed above.

d) E	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?				
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
Discuss	ion/Explanation:				
slopes, leroded. risks to leroperty prepared	act: The project does not contain expander Building Code (1994). The soils of Riverwash, Cieneba-Fallbrook rocky sathese soils have a shrink-swell behavilife or property. Therefore, the project was confirmed by staff review of by the US Department of Agriculture, ecember 1973.	n-site andy k vior of vill not f the S	are Tujunga sand, 0 to 5 percent cams, 30 to 65 percent slopes, low and represent no substantial t create a substantial risk to life or Soil Survey for the San Diego Area.		
e) Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of wastewater?					
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
Discussi	on/Explanation:				

No Impact: The project will rely on public water and sewer for the disposal of wastewater. A service availability letter dated July 22, 2009 has been received from the Lakeside Water District indicating that the facility has adequate capacity for the projects wastewater disposal needs. No septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems are proposed.

VII.	<b>HAZARDS</b>	<b>AND HAZARDOUS</b>	<b>MATERIALS</b>	· Would the	project:
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a)	ti r	Create a significant hazard to the public ransport, storage, use, or disposal of ha easonably foreseeable upset and accidenazardous materials into the environmen	zardo ent co	ous materials or wastes or through	
		Potentially Significant Impact	<b>V</b>	Less than Significant Impact	
		Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact	
Discu	JSS	sion/Explanation:			
fire s haza publi- haza regul occu owne	tati rdc c o rdc ati pai	han Significant Impact: The project project and administration facility which involves materials. However, the project will be renvironment because all storage, hand substances will be in full compliance ons. California Government Code § 658 ancy or its substantial equivalent be issued authorized agent has met, or is meeting and Safety Code, Division 20, Chapter 6	olves not redling, with 550.2 ed un	the routine use and storage of esult in a significant hazard to the transport, emission and disposal of local, State, and Federal requires that no final certificate of less there is verification that the e applicable requirements of the	
b)		Emit hazardous emissions or handle haz substances, or waste within one-quarter			
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discu	JSS	sion/Explanation:			
	oro	p <b>act:</b> bject is not located within one-quarter mi bre, the project will not have any effect o			
c)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5, or is otherwise known to have been subject to a release of hazardous substances and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	

# Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: Based on a regulatory database search, the project site has not been subject to a release of hazardous substances. The project site is not included in any of the following lists or databases: the State of California Hazardous Waste and Substances sites list compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5., the San Diego County Hazardous Materials Establishment database, the San Diego County DEH Site Assessment and Mitigation (SAM) Case Listing, the Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) Site Mitigation and Brownfields Reuse Program Database ("CalSites" Envirostor Database), the Resource Conservation and Recovery Information System (RCRIS) listing, the EPA's Superfund CERCLIS database or the EPA's National Priorities List (NPL). Additionally, the project does not propose structures for human occupancy or significant linear excavation within 1,000 feet of an open, abandoned, or closed landfill, is not located on or within 250 feet of the boundary of a parcel identified as containing burn ash (from the historic burning of trash), is not on or within 1,000 feet of a Formerly Used Defense Site (FUDS), does not contain a leaking Underground Storage Tank, and is not located on a site with the potential for contamination from historic uses such as intensive agriculture, industrial uses, a gas station or vehicle repair shop. Therefore, the project would not create a significant hazard to the public or environment.

d)	For a project located within an airport lan not been adopted, within two miles of a pathe project result in a safety hazard for parea?	ublic	airport or public use airport, would
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	sion/Explanation:		
(ALUC Notifica equal t operati	pact: oposed project is not located within an Air P), an Airport Influence Area, or a Federa ation Surface. Also, the project does not so or greater than 150 feet in height, consistent from an airport or heliport. Therefore for people residing or working in the proj	al Avia propo titutin e, the	ation Administration Height ose construction of any structure og a safety hazard to aircraft and/or project will not constitute a safety
	For a project within the vicinity of a private safety hazard for people residing or worki		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Incorporated

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** The proposed project is not within one mile of a private airstrip. As a result, the project will not constitute a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area.

Impair implementation of or physically in response plan or emergency evacuation	
Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	 Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

The following sections summarize the project's consistency with applicable emergency response plans or emergency evacuation plans.

i. OPERATIONAL AREA EMERGENCY PLAN AND MULTI-JURISDICTIONAL HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN:

Less Than Significant Impact: The Operational Area Emergency Plan is a comprehensive emergency plan that defines responsibilities, establishes an emergency organization, defines lines of communications, and is designed to be part of the statewide Standardized Emergency Management System. The Operational Area Emergency Plan provides guidance for emergency planning and requires subsequent plans to be established by each jurisdiction that has responsibilities in a disaster situation. The Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan includes an overview of the risk assessment process, identifies hazards present in the jurisdiction, hazard profiles, and vulnerability assessments. The plan also identifies goals, objectives and actions for each jurisdiction in the County of San Diego, including all cities and the County unincorporated areas. The project will not interfere with this plan because it will not prohibit subsequent plans from being established or prevent the goals and objectives of existing plans from being carried out.

ii. SAN DIEGO COUNTY NUCLEAR POWER STATION EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

**No Impact:** The San Diego County Nuclear Power Station Emergency Response Plan will not be interfered with by the project due to the location of the project, plant and the specific requirements of the plan. The emergency plan for the San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station includes an emergency planning zone within a 10-mile radius. All land area within 10 miles of the plant is not within the jurisdiction of the unincorporated County and as such a

project in the unincorporated area is not expected to interfere with any response or evacuation.

#### iii. OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY ELEMENT

**No Impact:** The Oil Spill Contingency Element will not be interfered with because the project is not located along the coastal zone or coastline.

iv. EMERGENCY WATER CONTINGENCIES ANNEX AND ENERGY SHORTAGE RESPONSE PLAN

**No Impact:** The Emergency Water Contingencies Annex and Energy Shortage Response Plan will not be interfered with because the project does not propose altering major water or energy supply infrastructure, such as the California Aqueduct.

#### v. DAM EVACUATION PLAN

Less Than Significant Impact: The Dam Evacuation Plan for the San Vicente and El Capitan Dam will not be interfered with because even though the project is located within a dam inundation zone, the project is not a unique institution that would be difficult to safely evaluate in the event of a dam failure. Unique institutions, as defined by the Office of Emergency Services, include hospitals, schools, skilled nursing facilities, retirement homes, mental health care facilities, care facilities for patients with disabilities, adult and childcare facilities, jails/detention facilities, stadiums, arenas, amphitheaters, or a similar use. Since the project does not propose a unique institution in a dam inundation zone, the project would not impair implementation of or physically interfere with the implementation of an emergency response plan.

,	Expose people or structures to a significe wildland fires, including where wildlands where residences are intermixed with w	are a	djacent to urbanized areas or
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The proposed project is adjacent to wildlands that have the potential to support wildland fires. However, the project will not expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires because the project will comply with the regulations relating to emergency access, water supply, and defensible space specified in the Consolidated Fire Code for the 17 Fire Protection Districts in San Diego County and Appendix II-A, as adopted and amended by the local fire protection district. Implementation of these fire safety standards will occur during the Tentative Map, Tentative Parcel Map, or building permit process. Also, a Fire Service Availability Letter and conditions, dated July 14, 2009, have been received from

the Lakeside Fire Protection District. The conditions from the Lakeside Fire Protection District include: A Fire Protection Plan and Landscape Plan, conforming to the requirements of Section 405 and 604 of the most current edition of the international Wildland-Urban Interface Code. The Fire Service Availability Letter indicates the expected emergency travel time to the project site to be zero minutes. The Maximum Travel Time allowed pursuant to the County Public Facilities Element is five minutes. Therefore, based on the review of the project by County staff, through compliance with the Consolidated Fire Code and Appendix II-A and through compliance with the Lakeside Fire Protection District's conditions, the project is not anticipated to expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving hazardous wildland fires. Moreover, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact, because all past, present and future projects in the surrounding area are required to comply with the Consolidated Fire Code and Appendix II-A.

h)	Propose a use, or place residents adjacent to an existing or reasonably foreseeable use that would substantially increase current or future resident's exposure to vectors, including mosquitoes, rats or flies, which are capable of transmitting significant public health diseases or nuisances?				
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		
Discus	ssion/Explanation:				
<b>No Impact:</b> The project does not involve or support uses that allow water to stand for a period of 72 hours (3 days) or more (e.g. artificial lakes, agricultural irrigation ponds). Also, the project does not involve or support uses that will produce or collect animal waste, such as equestrian facilities, agricultural operations (chicken coops, dairies etc.), solid waste facility or other similar uses. Moreover, based on a site visit conducted by Matthew Schneider on September 17, 2009 there are none of these uses on adjacent properties. Therefore, the project will not substantially increase current or future resident's exposure to vectors, including mosquitoes, rats or flies.					
VIII. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY Would the project:  a) Violate any waste discharge requirements?					
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		

Discussion/Explanation:

**Less Than Significant Impact:** The project proposes to construct a 23,000 square foot fire station and administrative operations facility which requires a General Permit for discharges of storm water associated with construction activities. The project applicant

has provided a copy of a Major Storm Water Management Plan which demonstrates that the project will comply with all requirements of the San Diego Municipal Storm Water Permit (SDRWQCB Order No. 2001-01). The project site proposes and will be required to implement the following site design measures and/or source control BMPs and/or treatment control BMPs to reduce potential pollutants to the maximum extent practicable from entering storm water runoff: Silt fences, fiber rolls, stockpile management, storm drain inlet protection, stabilized construction entrance/exit dewatering operations. These measures will enable the project to meet waste discharge requirements as required by the Land-Use Planning for New Development and Redevelopment Component of the San Diego Municipal Permit (SDRWQCB Order No. 2001-01), as implemented by the San Diego County Jurisdictional Urban Runoff Management Program (JURMP) and Standard Urban Storm Water Mitigation Plan (SUSMP).

Finally, the project's conformance to the waste discharge requirements listed above ensures the project will not create cumulatively considerable water quality impacts related to waste discharge because, through the permit, the project will conform to Countywide watershed standards in the JURMP and SUSMP, derived from State regulation to address human health and water quality concerns. Therefore, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact to water quality from waste discharges.

	Is the project tributary to an already imp Water Act Section 303(d) list? If so, coupollutant for which the water body is already in the water body in the water body is already in the water body in the water body in the water body is already in the water body in the water body in the water body is already in the water body in the water body is already in the water body in the water body is already in the water body in the water body is already in the water body is already in the water body in the water body is already in the water body in the water body is already in the water body in the water	project result in an increase in any	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
ш	Incorporated	Ц	No impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project lies in the Santee hydrologic subarea, within the San Diego hydrologic unit. According to the Clean Water Act Section 303(d) list, June 2007, a portion of this watershed at the Pacific Ocean and mouth of the San Diego River is impaired for coliform bacteria. Constituents of concern in the San Diego watershed include coliform bacteria, total dissolved solids, nutrients, petroleum chemicals, toxics, and trash. The project proposes the following activities that are associated with these pollutants: fuel storage, hazardous material storage and vehicle maintenance/cleaning. However, the following site design measures and/or source control BMPs and/or treatment control BMPs will be employed such that potential pollutants will be reduced in any runoff to the maximum extent practicable so as not to increase the level of these pollutants in receiving waters: The fueling area will be covered with downspouts routed to prevent drainage across fueling area, equipment wash areas will be connected to a sanitary sewer with a pretreatment facility and hazardous materials will be placed in an enclosure to prevent contact with runoff or spillage to the stormwater conveyance system.

The proposed BMPs are consistent with regional surface water and storm water planning and permitting process that has been established to improve the overall water quality in County watersheds. As a result the project will not contribute to a cumulative impact to an already impaired water body, as listed on the Clean Water Act Section 303(d). Regional surface water and storm water permitting regulation for County of San Diego, Incorporated Cities of San Diego County, and San Diego Unified Port District includes the following: Order 2001-01 (NPDES No. CAS 0108758), adopted by the San Diego Region RWQCB on February 21, 2001; County Watershed Protection, Storm Water Management, and Discharge Control Ordinance (WPO) (Ord. No. 9424); County Storm water Standards Manual adopted on February 20, 2002, and amended January 10, 2003 (Ordinance No. 9426). The stated purposes of these ordinances are to protect the health, safety and general welfare of the County of San Diego residents; to protect water resources and to improve water quality; to cause the use of management practices by the County and its citizens that will reduce the adverse effects of polluted runoff discharges on waters of the state; to secure benefits from the use of storm water as a resource; and to ensure the County is compliant with applicable state and federal laws. Ordinance No. 9424 (WPO) has discharge prohibitions, and requirements that vary depending on type of land use activity and location in the County. Ordinance No. 9426 is Appendix A of Ordinance No. 9424 (WPO) and sets out in more detail, by project category, what Dischargers must do to comply with the Ordinance and to receive permits for projects and activities that are subject to the Ordinance. Collectively, these regulations establish standards for projects to follow which intend to improve water quality from headwaters to the deltas of each watershed in the County. Each project subject to WPO is required to prepare a Storm water Management Plan that details a project's pollutant discharge contribution to a given watershed and propose BMPs or design measures to mitigate any impacts that may occur in the watershed.

c)	Could the proposed project cause or co- surface or groundwater receiving water beneficial uses?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	<b>☑</b>	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

**Less Than Significant Impact:** The Regional Water Quality Control Board has designated water quality objectives for waters of the San Diego Region as outlined in Chapter 3 of the Water Quality Control Plan (Plan). The water quality objectives are necessary to protect the existing and potential beneficial uses of each hydrologic unit as described in Chapter 2 of the Plan.

The project lies in the San Diego River hydrologic subarea, within the San Diego hydrologic unit that has the following existing and potential beneficial uses for inland

surface waters, coastal waters, reservoirs and lakes, and ground water: Municipal and domestic supply; agricultural supply; industrial process supply, industrial service supply; hydropower generation; contact water recreation; non-contact water recreation; warm freshwater habitat; cold freshwater habitat; wildlife habitat; commercial and sport fishing; estuarine habitat; marine habitat; migration of aquatic organisms; shellfish harvesting; and, rare, threatened, or endangered species habitat.

The project proposes the following potential sources of polluted runoff: parking lots, construction activities, outdoor vehicle/equipment maintenance and fueling activities. However, the following site design measures and/or source control BMPs and/or treatment control BMPs will be employed to reduce potential pollutants in runoff to the maximum extent practicable, such that the proposed project will not cause or contribute to an exceedance of applicable surface or groundwater receiving water quality objectives or degradation of beneficial uses: The fueling area will be covered with downspouts routed to prevent drainage across fueling area, equipment wash areas will be connected to a sanitary sewer with a pretreatment facility and hazardous materials will be placed in an enclosure to prevent contact with runoff or spillage to the stormwater conveyance system.

In addition, the proposed BMPs are consistent with regional surface water, storm water and groundwater planning and permitting process that has been established to improve the overall water quality in County watersheds. As a result, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable exceedance of applicable surface or groundwater receiving water quality objectives or degradation of beneficial uses. Refer to Section VIII., Hydrology and Water Quality, Question b, for more information on regional surface water and storm water planning and permitting process.

Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volum a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of precision nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?					
Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact			

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** The project will obtain its water supply from the Lakeside Water District that obtains water from surface reservoirs or other imported water source. The project will not use any groundwater for any purpose, including irrigation, domestic or commercial demands. In addition, the project does not involve operations that would interfere substantially with groundwater recharge including, but not limited to the following: the project does not involve regional diversion of water to another groundwater basin; or diversion or channelization of a stream course or waterway with impervious layers, such as concrete lining or culverts, for substantial distances (e.g. ½

mile). These activities and operations can substantially affect rates of groundwater recharge. Therefore, no impact to groundwater resources is anticipated.

e) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner which result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?				
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	

#### Discussion/Explanation:

## Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project proposes a fire station on a 3.2 acre site in the Community of Lakeside. As outlined in the Storm Water Management Plan (SWMP) dated July 15, 2009, amended September 30, 2009, prepared by Nasland Engineering, the project will implement the following site design measures, source control, and/or treatment control BMP's to reduce potential pollutants, including sediment from erosion or siltation, to the maximum extent practicable from entering storm water runoff: silt fence, fiber rolls, desilting basin, gravel bag berm, street sweeping/vacuuming, storm drain inlet protection, material delivery/storage, solid waste management, stockpile management, spill prevention/control, concrete waste management, stabilized construction entrance/exit, water conservation practices, paving and grinding operation, vehicle/equipment maintenance, and minor slope protection. These measures will control erosion and sedimentation and satisfy waste discharge requirements as required by the Land-Use Planning for New Development and Redevelopment Component of the San Diego Municipal Permit (SDRWQCB Order No. 2001-01), as implemented by the San Diego County Jurisdictional Urban Runoff Management Program (JURMP) and Standard Urban Storm Water Mitigation Plan (SUSMP). The SWMP specifies and describes the implementation process of all BMP's that will address equipment operation and materials management, prevent the erosion process from occurring, and prevent sedimentation in any onsite and downstream drainage swales. The Department of Public Works will ensure that the Plan is implemented as proposed. Due to these factors, it has been found that the project will not result in significantly increased erosion or sedimentation potential and will not alter any drainage patterns of the site or area on- or off-site. In addition, because erosion and sedimentation will be controlled within the boundaries of the project, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact. For further information on soil erosion refer to VI., Geology and Soils, Question b.

f) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or off-site?

		Pote	entially Significant Impact	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	Less than Significant Impact			
			s Than Significant With Mitigation prporated		No Impact			
Di	Discussion/Explanation:							
	Less Than Significant Impact: The proposed project will not significantly alter established drainage patterns or significantly increase the amount of runoff based or a Drainage Study prepared by Nasland Engineering on July 15, 2009, amended September 28, 2009:							
		a.	Drainage will be conveyed to eithe drainage facilities.	er nat	ural drainage channels or approved			
		b.			ace elevation in a watercourse with uare mile by 2/10 of a foot or more			
		C.	The project will not increase surfa or greater than one cubic foot/sec		noff exiting the project site equal to			
	Therefore, the project will not substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on-site or off-site. Moreover, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable alteration or a drainage pattern or increase in the rate or amount of runoff, because the project will not substantially increase water surface elevation or runoff exiting the site, as detailed above.							
g)			e or contribute runoff water which wed storm water drainage systems?	vould	exceed the capacity of existing or			
		Pote	ntially Significant Impact	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	Less than Significant Impact			
			Than Significant With Mitigation rporated		No Impact			
Discussion/Explanation:								
Less Than Significant Impact: The project does not propose to create or contribute runoff water that would exceed the capacity of existing or planned storm water drainage systems. The project proposes a detention basin on-site that will reduce post-development flows to levels below pre-development flows. The on-site basin								

h) Provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?

will be connected to an existing storm drain system on Lakeside Avenue East.

	Potentially Significant Impact	V	Less than Significant Impact		
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		
Discuss	sion/Explanation:				
Less Than Significant Impact: The project proposes the following potential sources of polluted runoff: parking lots, construction activities, vehicle/equipment maintenance and fueling activities. However, the following site design measures and/or source control BMPs and/or treatment control BMPs will be employed such that potential pollutants will be reduced in runoff to the maximum extent practicable: The fueling area will be covered with downspouts routed to prevent drainage across fueling area, equipment wash areas will be connected to a sanitary sewer with a pretreatment facility and hazardous materials will be placed in an enclosure to prevent contact with runoff or spillage to the stormwater conveyance system. Refer to VIII Hydrology and Water Quality Questions a, b, c, for further information.					
Ĺ	Place housing within a 100-year flood ha Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Ra map, including County Floodplain Maps?	ite Ma	• •		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
Discuss	sion/Explanation:				
draiı	Impact: No FEMA mapped flood nages with a watershed greater than 25 ff-site improvement locations; therefore,	acre	• •		
• /	Place within a 100-year flood hazard are edirect flood flows?	a stru	ctures which would impede or		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
Discuss	sion/Explanation:				

**No Impact:** No 100-year flood hazard areas were identified on the project site or off-site improvement locations; therefore, no impact will occur.

	k) Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding?				
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\checkmark$	Less than Significant Impact		
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		
Discuss	sion/Explanation:				
A portion County	Than Significant: on of the project lies within a special floor Flood Plain Map. However, the project t exposure of people or property to flood	is loc			
	Expose people or structures to a signific flooding as a result of the failure of a lev				
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\checkmark$	Less than Significant Impact		
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		
Discuss	sion/Explanation:				
Less Than Significant: The project lies within a mapped dam inundation area for a major dam/reservoir within San Diego County, as identified on an inundation map prepared by the dam owner. However, after review of the inundation map for the Chett Harritt, San Vicente, El Capitan Cuyamaca Dam, it has been determined that the proposed project will not result in exposing people or structures to a significant risk of loss injury, or death due to the following reasons: The proposed fire facility is not a unique institution, such as a hospital, school or skilled nursing facility and the project site lies on the extreme outer edge of the inundation area and only impacts the southern end of the project site. In addition, the San Diego County Office of Emergency Services has an established emergency evacuation plan for the area and the project will not interfere with this plan.					
m) l	nundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflo	w?			
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		
Discussion/Explanation:					
i. S	SEICHE				

**No Impact:** The project site is not located along the shoreline of a lake or reservoir; therefore, could not be inundated by a seiche.

#### ii. TSUNAMI

**No Impact:** The project site is located more than a mile from the coast; therefore, in the event of a tsunami, would not be inundated.

#### iii. MUDFLOW

Less Than Significant Impact: Mudflow is type of landslide. The site is located within a "Landslide Susceptibility Area" as identified in the County Guidelines for Determining Significance for Geologic Hazards. Landslide Susceptibility Areas were developed based on landslide risk profiles included in the Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan, San Diego, CA (URS, 2004). Landslide risk areas from this plan were based on data including steep slopes (greater than 25%); soil series data (SANDAG based on USGS 1970s series); soil-slip susceptibility from USGS; and Landslide Hazard Zone Maps (limited to western portion of the County) developed by the California Department of Conservation, Division of Mines and Geology (DMG). Also included within Landslide Susceptibility Areas are gabbroic soils on slopes steeper than 15% in grade because these soils are slide prone. On average, the site's slopes beneath the proposed building area is less than 25% in grade. According to the Geologic Map of the El Cajon 7.5' Quadrangle (2002), the site is reportedly underlain by Cretaceous age tonalite and younger Quaternary alluvium with no landslide deposits mapped on or near the site. Based on the topography and geologic environment, the site has a low potential for landslides. Therefore, there will be no potentially significant impact from the exposure of people or structures to adverse effects from landslides

# IX. LAND USE AND PLANNING -- Would the project:

<u>a)</u>	F	Physically divide an established commu	nity?	
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** The project does not propose the introduction of new infrastructure such major roadways or water supply systems, or utilities to the area. Therefore, the proposed project will not significantly disrupt or divide the established community.

b) Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?